

5. Named Plaintiff and all of the putative class members were nonexempt, hourly employees who worked for the Defendant and were subject to the same unlawful pay practices in violation of the FLSA as alleged herein.

6. Defendant, Venture Express, Inc., is a Tennessee Corporation, duly incorporated under the laws of the State of Tennessee, doing business in Tennessee, with its corporate offices located in Murfreesboro, Rutherford County, Tennessee and is subject to the requirements and prohibitions in the FLSA and is and was the employer of all relevant individuals working for it at all locations, both named and unnamed herein, including the Plaintiff and all members of the putative class. Service of process may be obtained on Defendant by serving designated agent for service of process, Shawn Applegate at the address listed with the Tennessee Secretary of State, 304 Robert Rose Dr., Murfreesboro, Tennessee 37129-6337.

7. At all relevant times, Defendant was an “employer” within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 203(d) and 29 C.F.R. § 791.2 (a)(2012) as well as a “person” within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 203(a).

II. FLSA COLLECTIVE ACTION ALLEGATIONS

8. Pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), named Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of herself and all persons who are presently and were formerly employed by Defendant in non-exempt positions subject to Defendant’s unlawful pay practices and policies described herein and who worked for Defendants at any point in the three years preceding the date the instant action was initiated (the members of this putative class are referred to as “Plaintiffs” or “Plaintiff class members”).

9. Named Plaintiff and the Plaintiff class members are and were subjected to the same unlawful wage policies and practices described herein.

10. Named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members are similarly situated, perform non-exempt job duties, have substantially similar pay provisions, and are all subject to Defendants' unlawful policies and practices as described herein.

11. Upon information and belief, there are numerous similarly situated current and former employees of Defendant who were required to work off the clock on a regular basis and were compensated improperly for minimum wage and overtime work in violation of the FLSA and who would benefit from the issuance of a Court Supervised Notice of the instant lawsuit and the opportunity to join in the present lawsuit.

12. Similarly situated employees are known to Defendant, are readily identifiable by Defendant, and can be located through Defendant's records.

13. Therefore, named Plaintiff should be permitted to bring this action as a collective action for and on behalf of herself and those employees similarly situated, pursuant to the "opt-in" provisions of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

III. FACTS

14. Defendant hired the named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members to work in various positions at locations across the east and southeastern United States. Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members engaged in nonexempt work for the Defendant for a period within three years of the date of the filing of this complaint. Plaintiff worked for Defendant at its Jackson, Tennessee terminal, within the jurisdiction and venue of this court.

15. The named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members would regularly be scheduled to work in excess of 40 hours per week regularly worked for more than 40 hours per week. Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members were not paid an overtime premium for work in excess of 40 hours per week, even though they regularly worked in excess of 40 hours per week.

16. Plaintiff regularly performed work for the Defendant from home on the weekends when she was not “on the clock” for which she wouldn’t get paid. This work involved logging in to the Defendant’s computer system and inputting information necessary for the drivers to be able complete their loads. Defendant’s management authorized and were aware of this off the clock work. Other nonexempt putative class members similarly performed work for the Defendant off the clock for which they were not paid.

17. Defendant’s failure to pay the named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members for all time worked resulted, not only in them not being paid for all of the hours they worked but also required them to work additionally time in excess of 40 hours per week for which they were not paid an overtime premium.

18. Defendant failed to maintain accurate time records of the time named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members performed this off the clock work.

PAYMENT FOR ALL TIME WORKED

19. The Named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members were regularly not paid for off the clock work. Accordingly, the Defendant improperly failed to compensate the Named Plaintiff and Plaintiffs for all time they performed work for the Defendant discharging their work-related duties.

OVERTIME COMPENSATION

20. The Named Plaintiff and Plaintiffs were regularly required to work over forty hours per week.

21. The Fair Labor Standards Act requires an employer to pay its employees at a rate of at least one and one-half their regular rate for time worked in one work week over forty hours. This is commonly known as the time-and-a-half pay for overtime work.

22. Despite working overtime, the Named Plaintiff and Plaintiffs were not paid time

and one-half pay from Defendant for overtime worked as set out above.

WILLFUL VIOLATIONS

23. On information and belief, Defendant has for more than 3 years, willingly, deliberately and intentionally refused to pay Named Plaintiff and/or Plaintiffs for time actually worked, and for time and one-half pay for overtime worked.

24. Defendant willfully, deliberately and intentionally failed to pay the Named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members for time actually worked and for time and one-half overtime wages to Named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members who worked over forty hours per week.

25. Defendant has no legitimate claim that the FLSA laws do not apply to the Named Plaintiff and Plaintiffs or that the Named Plaintiff and Plaintiffs are exempt from these requirements. In fact, Defendant has been previously sued by a similarly situated nonexempt employee for failing to pay for all of the hours worked and overtime pay for hours worked in excess of 40 hours in a week.

26. Named Plaintiff and Plaintiffs are, therefore, owed compensation for time actually worked but not paid, and time and one-half overtime wages and back wages by Defendant, who willingly and knowingly withheld those wages as well as liquidated damages for these willful and knowing violations.

IV. STATEMENT OF CLAIMS

29 U.S.C. §§ 207, 216

VIOLATIONS OF FLSA MINIMUM WAGE AND OVERTIME PROVISIONS

27. The foregoing paragraphs are included herein as though fully set forth herein.

28. Defendant is an entity covered by the requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, 29 U.S.C. 201, *et seq.*

29. At all relevant times, Defendant is and was an employer within the meaning of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, 29 U.S.C. 201, *et seq.* and is subject to the provisions of such Act.

30. Named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members at all relevant times were employees of Defendant, as defined by the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, 29 U.S.C. 201, *et seq.*

31. During the period of time that Named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members were employed by Defendant, the Named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members performed work for which they were not compensated and regularly performed for than 40 hours of work per week (overtime work) for which no additional compensation was paid to them by Defendant in violation of the provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, 29 U.S.C. 201, *et seq.* More specifically, Defendant violated § 7 of the FLSA by failing to pay Named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members for all the time that they worked and pay them time and one-half overtime wages to hourly non-exempt employees who constitute the Named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members and earned overtime pay.

32. Upon information and belief, the Defendant's pay system is and has been unilaterally imposed upon Named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members.

33. The Defendant's failure to compensate the Named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members for all compensable hours violates the minimum wage provisions of the FLSA and the regulations thereunder.

34. The Defendant's failure to properly administer a scheme of compensation, including but not limited to actual time, overtime and/or comp time compensation violates the overtime provisions of the FLSA and the regulations thereunder.

35. The Defendant's failure to compensate the Named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members for all compensable hours was a willful and knowing violation of the FLSA.

36. As a result of Defendant's willful and knowing failure to properly compensate the Named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members, the Named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members have suffered substantial delays in receipt of wages owed and damages.

37. The Defendant's failure to properly administer a compensation scheme for overtime was a willful and knowing violation of the FLSA.

38. Pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §§ 207, 216, Defendant owes Named Plaintiff and Plaintiff class members compensation for the hours they worked for which they were not paid, compensation for the overtime work for which they were not properly paid and an additional equal amount as liquidated damages, together with an additional sum for attorneys' fees and costs

V. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff requests of this Court the following relief on behalf of himself, all members of the Collective Action, and all other similarly situated individuals:

a. That the Court certify the collective group named in the instant suit as an opt-in collective action under 29 U.S.C. § 216(b);

b. That the Court declare the rights and duties of the parties consistent with the relief sought by Plaintiff;

c. That the Court issue a declaratory judgment that Defendant's acts, policies, practices, and procedures complained of herein violated provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act;

d. That the Court enjoin the Defendant from committing further violations of the Fair Labor Standards Act;

e. That the Court award the named Plaintiff and collective group members compensatory damages and an equal amount of liquidated damages as provided under the law and pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b);

f. That the Court award the named Plaintiff and the collective group's reasonable attorney's fees, costs, and expenses;

g. That the Court order the Defendant to make the named Plaintiff and the collective group members whole by providing appropriate back pay and other benefits wrongly denied, as well as liquidated damages, in an amount to be shown at trial and other affirmative relief;

h. That the Court award the named Plaintiff and the collective group members such additional relief as the interests of justice may require;

i. That a jury be impaneled to try this cause.

Respectfully submitted,

WEINMAN & ASSOCIATES

s/ Michael L. Weinman
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this the 25th day of August, 2022, I electronically filed the foregoing document (Complaint) with the Court's ECF system. Service of this Complaint will be made on Defendant with a summons to be issued by the Clerk per the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

s/ Michael L. Weinman

Michael L. Weinman (#015074)